NC-370/370C 386SX CPU CARD 386SX-40, 1/4/8MB, COM x 4, WDT, I/O, DOC, RS-232/422/485, PC/104, Single +5V



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This user's manual list necessary information to assist both Embedded Computer manufacturers and end users in installing and setting up the system. The information contained in this user's manual is subject to change without any notice.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

-ПАР	TER 1: INTRODUCTION
1-1	ABOUT THIS MANUAL
1-2	SPECIFICATION
1-3	SAFETY PRECAUTIONS
CHAP	TER 2: HARDWARE CONFIGURATION
2-1	JUMPER & CONNECTOR QUICK REFERENCE TABLE
2-2	COMPONENT LOCATIONS
2-3	HARD DISK DRIVE CONNECTOR
2-4	FLOPPY DISK DRIVE CONNECTOR
2-5	PRINTER CONNECTOR
2-6	ISO 2-PIN POWER CONNECTOR
2-7	P8 6-PIN POWER CONNECTOR
2-8	COM1 PORT (RS232 PORT)
2-9	COM2 PORT (RS232/RS422/RS485 PORT)
2-10	PS2 MINI DIN KEYBOARD CONNECTOR
2-11	JSP 5-PIN KEYBOARD CONNECTOR
2-12	PS2 MINI DIN MOUSE CONNECTOR
2-13	JSP 5-PIN MOUSE CONNECTOR
2-14	COM3 PORT (RS232 PORT)
2-15	COM4 PORT (RS232 PORT)
2-16	HARD DISK DRIVE LED CONNECTOR
2-17	422/485 PIN 5 VOLTAGE OUTPUT
2-18	RS232/422 SELECT
2-19	RESET CONNECTOR
2-20	M-System ADDRESS SELECT
2-21	CMOS CLEAR JUMPER
2-22	CPU CLK SELECT
2-23	KEYLOCK & POWER INDICATOR
2-21	LPT PORT IRQ SELECT
2-22	PARITY CHECK
2-23	KEYLOCK & POWER CONNECTOR
2-24	WDT Out Put Selector
2-25	EXTERNAL SPEAKER
2-26	422/485 CONNECTOR
2-27	
2-28	MEMORY INSTALL ATION

CHAP	TER 3: M-SYSTEM DiskOnChip Flash Disk
3-1	PREFACE
3-2	QUICK INSTALLATION GUIDE
3-3	UTILITY REFERENCE
CHAP	TER 4: SOFTWARE UTILITIES
4-1	WATCHDOG TIMER CONFIGURATIONS
4-2	WATCHDOG TIMER SOFTWARE GUIDE
CHAP	TER 5: AWARD BIOS SETUP
5-1	INTRODUCTION
5-2	STARTING SETUP
5-3	MAIN MENU
5-4	STANDARD CMOS SETUP
5-5	ADVANCED CMOS SETUP
5-6	ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP
5-7	POWER MANAGEMENT
5-8	PERIPHERAL SETUP
5-9	CHANGE SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
5-10	BIOS DEFAULT DRIVE TABLE
APPE	NDIX A: EXPANSION BUS
A-1	
A-2	ISA BUS PIN ASSIGNMENT
APPE	NDIX B: TECHNICAL SUMMARY
B-1	INTERRUPT MAP
B-2	
B-3	
B-4	
APPE	NDIX C: TROUBLE SHOOTING
C-1	TROUBLE SHOOTING POST MESSAGES

TROUBLE SHOOTING POST BEEP ------

TROUBLE SHOOTING POST CODE ------

C-2

C-3

54

58

CHAPTER

91

INTRODUCTION

THIS CHAPTER SHOWS THE INFORATIONS ABOUT NC-370 AND ITS SPECIFICATIONS.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * ABOUT THIS MANUAL
- * SPECIFICATIONS
- * SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

1-1 ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Thank you for purchasing NC-370 386SX CPU Card, M-System DiskOnChip Flash Disk ,fully DOS Command compatible. With full standard IPC functions and other features, this 386SX CPU Card more suitable for harsh industrial environment and commercial application. This manual is written to assist you to install and set up the system. It contents five chapters as following:

Chapter 1: Introduction

This chapter introduces you the background of this manual, and the specification for this system. Final in this chapter will indicate you how to avoid the damages for this Embedded CPU M-Card.

Chapter 2: Hardware Configuration

This chapter outlines the components' locations and their functions. In the end of this chapter, you will know how to set jumper and how to configure this card to meet your own needs.

Chapter 3: M-System DiskOnChip Flash Disk

This chapter brings you the information about FLASH DISK function.

Chapter 4: Software Utilities

Helpful information that informs you the proper installations of the SSD and Flash BIOS, also describes the Watchdog-timer function.

Chapter 5: AMI BIOS Setup

This chapter indicates you how to set up the BIOS configurations.

Appendix A: Expansion Bus

This appendix introduces you the expansion bus for PC-104.

Appendix B: Technical Summary

This appendix gives you the information about the AMI BIOS Identification Strings and Technical maps.

Appendix C: Trouble Shooting

This appendix outlines the errors and offers you the methods to solve the problems.

1-2 SPECIFICATIONS

* CPU + Chipset:

ALI M6117C single chip with on-chip 386SX-40 CPU.

* MEMORY:

4MB (optional 1MB) DRAM soldered on board and 1 x 72-pin SIMM module socket.

- * CMOS Backup: CMOS backup by LI battery.
- * BIOS: AMI BIOS, 128KB (Flash) EPROM.

* KEYBOARD AND PS/2 MOUSE CONNECTOR:

Support Mini DIN PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Connector. Support 5-pin JSP PS/2 Mouse and Keyboard Connector.

- * BUS Type: PC/104 Connector and ISA bus.
- * WATCHDOG:

Programmable 0 ~ 1024 sec. With 4 sec. Interval (256 levels).

* IDE INTERFACE: Support one port up to 2 x IDE devices.

* FLOPPY DISK DRIVE INTERFACE:

Two 3 1/2" or 5 1/4" FDD, Drives A, B swappable.

* SERIAL PORT:

Two 16-byte FIFO 16C550 RS-232/485.

Jumper selectable RS-232 x 1 + RS-232/422/485 x 1.

- * SERIAL PORT x 4(optional): COM x 4 for NC-370C. Jumper selectable RS-232 x 3 + RS232/422/485 x 1.
- * PARALLEL PORT:One bi-directional SPP/EPP/ECP parallel port configured as LPT 1,2,3.
- * LED INDICATOR: Hard Disk access.

 System power
- * BUS EXPANSION & SPEED: PC-104 8Mhz, BIOS Selectable

- * DMA CONTROLLER: 82C37 X 2
- * DMA CHANNELS: 7
- * INTERRUPT CONTROLLERS: 82C59 X 2
- * INTERRUPT LEVELS: 15
- * STORAGE TEMPERATURE: -40℃ TO 80℃.
- * OPERATING TEMPERATURE: 0°C TO 60°C.
- * Miscellaneous Connectors/Jumpers:
 Reset, HDD LED, Single +5V 2-Pin connector, +/-5V and +/-12V 6-pin
 Connector for external power.
- * SYSTEM POWER REQUIREMENT: Single +5V power by using 2-pin connector or +/-5V @2.0A, @20mA by using 6-pin power connector.
- * BOARD DIMENSION: 7.3"(L) X 4.8"(W) (185mm x 122mm)
- * BOARD WEIGHT: 0.185Kg.
- * FLASH DISK SSD: 32-pin socket for DiskOnChip SSD 2MB ~ 144MB.

1-3 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Follow the messages below to avoid your system from damage.

- 1. Avoid your system from static electric power on all occasions.
- 2. Stay safe from the electric shock. Don't touch any components of this card when the power is ON. Always disconnect power when the system is not in use.
- 3.Remove power when you change any hardware devices. For instance, when you connect a jumper or install any cards, a surge of power may damage the electronic components or the whole system.



HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

THIS CHAPTER SHOWS YOU THE CONNECTORS & JUMPER SETTINGS, AND COMPONENTS LOCATIONS.

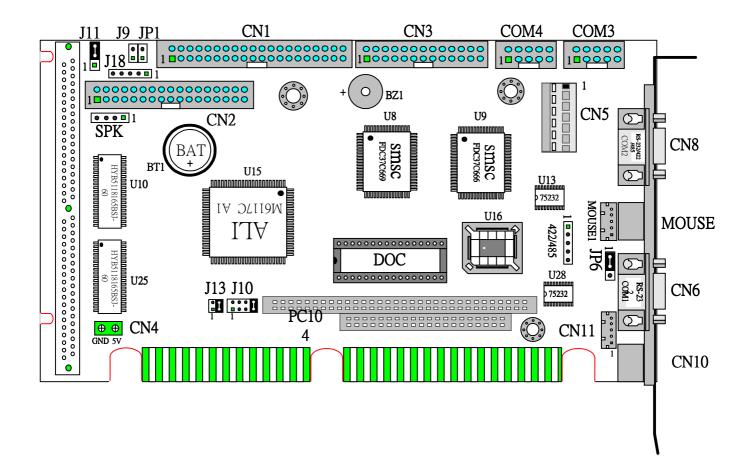
SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * JUMPER/CONNECTOR QUICK REFERENCE TABLE
- * COMPONENTS' LOCATIONS
- * CONFIGURATION AND JUMPER SETTINGS
- * CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENTS

2-1 JUMPER/CONNECTOR QUICK REFERENCE TABLE

HARD DISK DRIVE CONNECTOR	CN1
FLOPPY DISK DRIVE CONNECTOR	CN2
PRINTER CONNECTOR	
ISO 2-PIN POWER CONNECTOR	CN4
P8 6-PIN POWER CONNECTOR	CN5
COM PORT A (RS232 PORT)	
COM PORT B (RS232/RS422/RS485 PORT)	CN8
PS2 MINI DIN KEYBOARD CONNECTOR	CN10
JSP 5-PIN KEYBOARD CONNECTOR	CN11
PS2 MINI DIN MOUSE CONNECTOR	MOUSE
JSP 5-PIN PS/2 CONNECTOR	MOUSE1
COM PORT3 (RS232 PORT)	COM3
COM PORT4 (RS232 PORT)	COM4
HARD DISK DRIVE LED CONNECTOR	-
422/485 PIN 5 VOLTAGE OUTPUT	JP5
RS232/422 SELECT	JP6
RESET CONNECTOR	
M-System ADDRESS SELECT	J10
CMOS CLEAR JUMPER	J11
CPU CLK SELECTION	J13
KEYLOCK & POWER INDICATOR	J18
WDT OUT PUT SELECT	J36
EXTERNAL SPEAKER	EXT SPK
422/485 CONNECTOR	422/485
SYSTEM SPEAKER	BZ1
MEMORY INSTALLATION	SIMM1

2-2 COMPONENT LOCATIONS



2-3 HARD DISK DRIVE CONNECTOR (CN1)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	IDEREST	2	GND
3	HD7	4	HD8
5	HD6	6	HD9
7	HD5	8	HD10
9	HD4	10	HD11
11	HD3	12	HD12
13	HD2	14	HD13
15	HD1	16	HD14
17	HD0	18	HD15
19	GND	20	NC
21	NC	22	GND
23	IOW	24	GND
25	IOR	26	GND
27	IOCHRDY	28	ALE
29	NC	30	GND
31	IRQ	32	IO16
33	SA1	34	PDIAG
35	SA0	36	SA2
37	HDCS0	38	HDCS1
39	DASP	40	GND

2-4 FLOPPY DISK DRIVE CONNECTOR (CN2)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	GND	2	RPM
3	GND	4	NC
5	GND	6	NC
7	GND	8	INDEX
9	GND	10	MTR0
11	GND	12	DRV1
13	GND	14	DRV0
15	GND	16	MTR1
17	GND	18	DIR
19	GND	20	STEP
21	GND	22	WDATA
23	GND	24	WGATE
25	GND	26	TRK0

27	GND	28	WRTPRT
29	GND	30	RDATA
31	GND	32	SEL
33	GND	34	DSKCHG

2-5 PRINTER CONNECTOR (CN3)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	STROB	2	AUTOFD
3	PD0	4	ERROR
5	PD1	6	INIT
7	PD2	8	SLCTIN
9	PD3	10	GND
11	PD4	12	GND
13	PD5	14	GND
15	PD6	16	GND
17	PD7	18	GND
19	ACK	20	GND
21	BUSY	22	GND
23	PE	24	GND
25	SLCT	26	NC

2-6 ISO 2-PIN POWER CONNECTOR (CN4)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	WIRE COLOR
1	+5V VCC	RED
2	GND	BLACK

2-7 P8 6-PIN POWER CONNECTOR (CN5)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	WIRE COLOR
1	PG	ORIENG
2	+5V	RED
3	+12V	YELLOW
4	-12V	BLUE
5	GND	BLACK
6	GND	BLACK

2-8 COM1 PORT CONNECTOR (RS232 PORT) (CN6)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	DCD	2	RXD
3	TXD	4	DTR
5	GND	6	DSR
7	RTS	8	CTS
9	RI		

2-9 COM2 PORT (RS232 PORT) (CN8)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	DCD	2	RXD
3	TXD	4	DTR
5	GND	6	DSR
7	RTS	8	CTS
9	RI		

2-10 PS2 Mini DIN KEYBOARD CONNECTOR (CN10)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	KEYBOARD DATA	2	NC
3	GND	4	VCC
5	KEYBOARD CLK	6	NC

2-11 JSP 5-Pin KEYBOARD CONNECTOR (CN11)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	KEYBOARD CLK	2	KEYBOARD DATA
3	NC	4	GND
5	VCC		

2-12 PS2 Mini DIN MOUSE CONNECTOR (MOUSE)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	MOUSE DATA	2	NC
3	GND	4	VCC
5	MOUSE CLK	6	NC

2-13 JSP 5-Pin PS/2 CONNECTOR (MOUSE1)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	MOUSE CLK	2	MOUSE DATA
3	NC	4	GND
5	VCC		

2-14 COM3 PORT (RS232 PORT) (COM3)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	DCD	2	DSR
3	RXD	4	RTS
5	TXD	6	CTS
7	DTR	8	RI
9	GND	10	NC

2-15 COM4 PORT (RS232 PORT) (COM4)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	DCD	2	DSR
3	RXD	4	RTS
5	TXD	6	CTS
7	DTR	8	RI
9	GND	10	NC

2-16 HARD DISK DRIVE LED CONNECTOR (JP1)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	VCC	2	HDD Active Signal

2-17 422/485 PIN 5 VOLTAGE OUTPUT (JP5)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	+12V	2	CABLE-RI
3	VCC		

2-18 RS232/422 SELECT (JP6)

1-2 ON: Support RS-232. 2-3 ON: Support RS-422/485.

2-19 RESET CONNECTOR (J9)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	Reset	2	GND

2-20 M-SYSTEM ADDRESS SELECTOR (J10)

ADDRESS	JUMPER SETTING			
SELECTION	PIN1&2	PIN3&4	PIN5&6	PIN7&8
C000	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
C800	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
D000	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
D800	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

2-21 CMOS CLEAR CONNECTOR (J11)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	Reset	2	GND

2-22 CPU CLK SELECTION (J13)

CPU Clock Selection -- Factory default is 40MHz.

CPU CLOCK	1-2	3-4
40MHZ	OFF	ON
33MHZ	ON	OFF
25MHZ	OFF	OFF

2-23 KEYLOCK & POWER INDICATOR (J18)

Keylock / Power LED Connector --- Pin 1-3 or Pin 1-5 for power LED and Pin 3-4 pairs/ Pin 4-5 pairs for keylock.

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	PWRLED	2	NC
3	GND	4	KBLOCK
5	GND		

2-24 WDT OUT PUT SELECTOR (J36)

TIMER OUT PUT	JUMPER SETTING	JUMPER ILLUSTRATION
SYSTEM RESET	2-3 ON	
IRQ11	1-2 ON	

When J36 is set to position 1-2 on, then the out put signal of WDT TIMER will generate a interrupt signal to IRQ11.

Once the system accept the interrupt request, will release a ISR address (CS:E000 IP:0000) for user.

User can write some interrupt service routine here, to development their's own application software.

2-25 EXTERNAL SPEAKER (EXT SPK)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	SIGNAL	2	NC
3	NC	4	VCC

2-26 422/485 CONNECTOR (422/485)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	TX+	2	RX-
3	TX-	4	RX+
5	CAI	BLE-RI +5V O	R +12V

2-27 SYSTEM SPEAKER (BZ1)

PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT
1	VCC	2	Speaker Signal

2-28 MEMORY INSTALLATION (SIMM1)

The NC-370 CPU Card must use the single size mode DRAM. It's doesn't support the double size mode DRAM.

NC-370 Onboard 4MB EDO RAM.



DiskOnChip FLASH DISK

THIS CHAPTER SHOWS THE INFORMATION ABOUT M-SYSTEM DiskOnChip FUNCTIONS.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * PREFACE
- * QUICK INSTALLATION GUIDE
- * UTILITY REFERENCE

3-1 PREFACE

The NC-370 features a DiskOnChip Flash Disk optional function. The DiskOnChip can be build on board by order. The NC-370 is designed to use the DiskOnChip single chip Flash Disk to plug into a standard 32-pin EEPROM socket which built on board. The DiskOnChip Flash Disk should be mapped into an 8K Byte window in the BIOS expansion address space of the NC-370 CPU Card which is usually located between address 0C000H to 0DFFFH. The NC-370 can contain the operating system in DiskOnChip to allow systems to boot without a hard disk.

The DiskOnChip of NC-370 can install standard MS-DOS and the DOS can boot from DiskOnChip, its command is fully DOS Command compatible, such as Del, Deltree, Format, Copy, Xcopy, MD......, users can read and write DOS Command or data to DiskOnChip same as when using Hard Disk Drive.

Users can take this DiskOnChip as physical HDD and its priority is software selectable. For example, if system have one HDD, either HDD & DiskOnChip could be assigned as C or D Drive. When having two HDD (Driver C & Driver D), the DiskOnChip could be assigned as C, D, E Drive. If the system don't have HDD, the DiskOnChip will be taken as C drive only. When it is taken as C drive, it can boot system just same as using Hard Disk Drive.

The capacity of DiskOnChip have 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, 12MB, 24MB, 40MB 72MB and 144MB option. User can select the proper one before order to meet their needs.

The NC-370 support M-system DiskOnChip Socket which locate at DOC.

3-2 QUICK INSTALLATION GUIDE

- 1.Make sure the NC-370 CPU Card is power OFF
- 2.Plug the DiskOnChip chip into socket DOC. Verify the direction is correct (pin1 of the DiskOnChip is aligned with pin1 of the DOC socket.
- 3. Power ON the system.
- 4. During power ON you may observe the message displayed by the DiskOnChip when its driver automatically loaded into system's memory.

- 5.At this stage the DiskOnChip can be accessed as any disk in the system.
- 6.If the DiskOnChip is the only disk in the system, it will appear as the first disk (drive C).
- 7.If there are more disks besides the DiskOnChip, the DiskOnChip will appear by default as the last drive.

3-3 UTILITY REFERENCE

A driver diskette will be included with DiskOnChip to offer detail information. If you need more information beside the diskette, please reach the M-System web http://www.m-sys.com to get the information





SOFTWARE GUIDE

THIS CHAPTER SHOWS THE INFORMATION OF WDT FUNCTION, ALSO DESCRIBES HOW TO INSTALL THE WATCHDOG CONFIGURATION.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * WATCHDOG TIMER FUNCTION
- * WATCHDOG TIMER SOFTWARE GUIDE

4-1 WATCHDOG TIMER FUNCTION

The watchdog timer can reset the system or generate a IRQ11 signal automatically. It is defined at I/O port 0443H. When you want to enable the watchdog timer, please write code to I/O port 0443H, then the system will generate a reset or IRQ11 signal. When you want to disable the function, write I/O port 043H, the system will stop the WDT function.

The NC-370 watchdog function: write I/O port address 0443 to enable watchdog and write I/O port address 043 to disable watchdog.

The following program shows you how to program the watchdog timer in your program.

Watchdog enable program:

For Example

```
MOV AX, 000FH (choose the values you need; start from 0 to FF)
MOV DX, 0443H
OUT DX, AX
```

Watchdog disable program:

```
MOV AX, 000FH (please ignore this value.)
MOV DX, 043H
OUT DX, AX
```

Please find the time you need and the corresponding value from the following Watchdog Timer Control Table:

TIME BASE IS LIST BELOW

VA Mean is Value for counter : Unit Hexdecimal Time Mean is WDT Signal response time : Unit Decimal (second)

va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time
00	1024	10	64	20	128	30	192	40	256	50	320	60	384	70	448
01	4	11	68	21	132	31	196	41	260	51	324	61	388	71	452
02	8	12	72	22	136	32	200	42	264	52	328	62	392	72	456
03	12	13	76	23	140	33	204	43	268	53	332	63	396	73	460
04	16	14	80	24	144	34	208	44	272	54	336	64	400	74	464
05	20	15	84	25	148	35	212	45	276	55	340	65	404	75	468
06	24	16	88	26	152	36	216	46	280	56	344	66	408	76	472
07	28	17	92	27	156	37	220	47	284	57	348	67	412	77	476
08	32	18	96	28	160	38	224	48	288	58	352	68	416	78	480
09	36	19	100	29	164	39	228	49	292	59	356	69	420	79	484
0a	40	1a	104	2a	168	3a	232	4a	296	5a	360	6a	424	7a	488
0b	44	1b	108	2b	172	3b	236	4b	300	5b	364	6b	428	7b	492
ОС	48	1c	112	2c	176	3с	240	4c	304	5c	368	6с	432	7c	496
0d	52	1d	116	2d	180	3d	244	4d	308	5d	372	6d	436	7d	500
0e	56	1e	120	2e	184	3e	248	4e	312	5e	376	6e	440	7e	504
0f	60	1f	124	2f	188	3f	252	4f	316	5f	380	6f	444	7 f	508
va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time	va	time
80	512	90	576	a0	640	b0	704	c0	768	d0	832	e0	894	f0	956
81	516	91	580	a1	644	b1	708	с1	772	d1	836	e 1	898	f1	960
82	520	92	584	a2	648	b2	712	c2	776	d2	840	e2	902	f2	964
83															000
	524	93	588	а3	652	b3	716	с3	780	d3	844	e 3	906	f3	968
84	524 528	93 94	588 592	a3 a4	652 656	b3 b4	716 720	c3 c4	780 784	d3 d4	844	e3 e4	906 910	f3 f4	968
84 85	 				 		_								
	528	94	592	a4	656	b4	720	c4	784	d4	848	e4	910	f4	972
85	528 532 536 540	94 95	592 596	a4 a5	656 660	b4 b5	720 724	c4 c5	784 788	d4 d5	848 852	e4 e5	910 912	f4 f5	972 976
85 86	528 532 536	94 95 96	592 596 600	a4 a5 a6	656 660 664	b4 b5 b6	720 724 728	c4 c5 c6	784 788 792	d4 d5 d6	848 852 856	e4 e5 e6	910 912 916	f4 f5 f6	972 976 980
85 86 87	528 532 536 540	94 95 96 97	592 596 600 604	a4 a5 a6 a7	656 660 664 668	b4 b5 b6 b7	720 724 728 732	c4 c5 c6 c7	784 788 792 796	d4 d5 d6 d7	848 852 856 860	e4 e5 e6 e7	910 912 916 920	f4 f5 f6 f7	972 976 980 984
85 86 87 88	528 532 536 540 544 548 552	94 95 96 97 98	592 596 600 604 608	a4 a5 a6 a7 a8	656 660 664 668 672	b4 b5 b6 b7 b8	720 724 728 732 736 740 744	c4 c5 c6 c7 c8	784 788 792 796 800	d4 d5 d6 d7 d8	848 852 856 860 864	e4 e5 e6 e7 e8	910 912 916 920 924	f4 f5 f6 f7 f8	972 976 980 984 988
85 86 87 88 89	528 532 536 540 544 548 552 556	94 95 96 97 98 99	592 596 600 604 608 612	a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9	656 660 664 668 672 676	b4 b5 b6 b7 b8 b9	720 724 728 732 736 740 744 748	c4 c5 c6 c7 c8	784 788 792 796 800 804	d4 d5 d6 d7 d8 d9	848 852 856 860 864 868	e4 e5 e6 e7 e8 e9	910 912 916 920 924 928	f4 f5 f6 f7 f8 f9	972 976 980 984 988 992
85 86 87 88 89 8a	528 532 536 540 544 548 552 556 560	94 95 96 97 98 99	592 596 600 604 608 612 616	a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 aa	656 660 664 668 672 676 680	b4 b5 b6 b7 b8 b9	720 724 728 732 736 740 744 748 752	c4 c5 c6 c7 c8 c9	784 788 792 796 800 804 808	d4 d5 d6 d7 d8 d9	848 852 856 860 864 868 870	e4 e5 e6 e7 e8 e9	910 912 916 920 924 928 932 936 940	f4 f5 f6 f7 f8 f9 fa	972 976 980 984 988 992 996
85 86 87 88 89 8a 8b	528 532 536 540 544 548 552 556 560 564	94 95 96 97 98 99 9a 9b	592 596 600 604 608 612 616 620 624 628	a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 aa ab	656 660 664 668 672 676 680 684 688	b4 b5 b6 b7 b8 b9 ba bb	720 724 728 732 736 740 744 748 752 756	c4 c5 c6 c7 c8 c9 ca cb	784 788 792 796 800 804 808 812	d4 d5 d6 d7 d8 d9 da db	848 852 856 860 864 868 870 874 878	e4 e5 e6 e7 e8 e9 ea eb	910 912 916 920 924 928 932 936 940	f4 f5 f6 f7 f8 f9 fa fb	972 976 980 984 988 992 996 1000 1004 1008
85 86 87 88 89 8a 8b 8c	528 532 536 540 544 548 552 556 560 564 568	94 95 96 97 98 99 9a 9b	592 596 600 604 608 612 616 620 624	a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 aa ab ac	656 660 664 668 672 676 680 684 688	b4 b5 b6 b7 b8 b9 ba bb	720 724 728 732 736 740 744 748 752	c4 c5 c6 c7 c8 c9 ca cb	784 788 792 796 800 804 808 812 816	d4 d5 d6 d7 d8 d9 da db	848 852 856 860 864 868 870 874 878	e4 e5 e6 e7 e8 e9 ea eb	910 912 916 920 924 928 932 936 940	f4 f5 f6 f7 f8 f9 fa fb fc	972 976 980 984 988 992 996 1000 1004 1008
85 86 87 88 89 8a 8b 8c 8d	528 532 536 540 544 548 552 556 560 564	94 95 96 97 98 99 9a 9b 9c 9d	592 596 600 604 608 612 616 620 624 628	a4 a5 a6 a7 a8 a9 aa ab ac ad	656 660 664 668 672 676 680 684 688	b4 b5 b6 b7 b8 b9 ba bb bc	720 724 728 732 736 740 744 748 752 756	c4 c5 c6 c7 c8 c9 ca cb cc	784 788 792 796 800 804 808 812 816 820	d4 d5 d6 d7 d8 d9 da db dc	848 852 856 860 864 868 870 874 878	e4 e5 e6 e7 e8 e9 ea eb ec ed	910 912 916 920 924 928 932 936 940	f4 f5 f6 f7 f8 f9 fa fb fc	972 976 980 984 988 992 996 1000 1004 1008

4-2 WATCHDOG SOFTWARE GUIDE

User can use WDT function by following way:

- 1.Direct start WDT function as procedure which described on Sec. 4-1.
- 2.Or, user can change WDT timing by choosing the items on <u>WATCH</u> <u>DOG TIMER</u> in AWARD BIOS <u>CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP</u>.

If user control WDT by changing BIOS SETUP, application software must note: one byte setup value was put on CMOS location 44H so application software designer must read (access) the data on the CMOS location 44H and put the data to a register then, at the time when you need, send the register data to I/O port 0443H to start the WDT function.

FOR EXAMPLE:

MOV AL, 44
OUT 70, AL
IN AL, 71
MOV DX, 0443
OUT DX, AL
RET

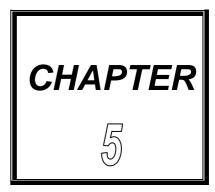
The above simple software was written under DOS DEBUG. It shows you how to get the SETUP VALUE from CMOS location 44H.

If you want to read the data correctly, you must put the data 44 value on register AL first.

Then you must put the register value(44) on port 70H (this mean you need to addressing the port 70H)

Third you can read one byte data from port 71H (this data is changeable by BIOS FEATURE SETUP)

Whenever you need ,you can send the data to IO port 0443H to trigger the WDT timer and for your application.



AMI BIOS SETUP

THIS CHAPTER SHOWS HOW TO SET UP THE AMI BIOS.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * INTRODUCTION
- * STARTING SETUP
- * MAIN MENU
- * STANDARD CMOS SETUP
- * ADVANCED CMOS SETUP
- * ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP
- * POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
- * PERIPHERAL SETUP
- * CHANGE SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
- * BIOS DEFAULT DRIVE TABLE

5-1 INTRODUCTION

This section discusses AMI Setup program built in the ROM BIOS. The Setup program allows users to modify the basic system configuration. This special information is then stored in battery-backed RAM so that it retains the Setup information when the power is turned off.

The AMI BIOS installed in computer system's ROM (Read Only Memory) is a custom version of an industry standard BIOS. This means it supports Intel/Cyrix/AMD processors in a standard IBM AT compatible Input/Output system. The BIOS provides critical low-level support for standard devices such as disk drives, serial and parallel ports. Also the BIOS has been customized by adding important, but non-standard, features such as virus and password protection as well as special support for detailed fine-tuning of the chipset controlling the entire system. The rest of this chapter will try to guide you the process of configuring your system by using Setup.

5-2 STARTING SETUP

The AMI BIOS is immediately activated when the computer starting power on. The BIOS reads the system information contained in the CMOS and start the process of checking out the system and configuring it. When it finish, the BIOS will seek an operating system on one of the disks and then launch and turn control over to the operating system.

While the BIOS is in active, the Setup program can be activated by one of two ways:

- 1. Press the key immediately after switching the system on, or
- 2. Press the key when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during the POST (Power On Self Test)

Press DEL to enter SETUP.

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the "RESET" bottom on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message will be displayed and you will again be asked to...

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

5-3 MAIN MENU

Once you enter the AMI BIOS CMOS Setup Utility, the Main Menu will appear on the screen. The Main Menu allows you to select the one you need from several setup functions and two exit choices. Use the arrow keys to select among the items and press <Enter> to accept and enter the sub-menu.

AMIBIOS HIFLEX SETUP UTILITY - VERSION 1.16 (C) 1996 American Megatrends, INC. All Rights RESERVED

Standard CMOS Setup
Advanced CMOS Setup
Advanced Chipset Setup
Power Management Setup
Peripheral Setup
Auto-Detect Hard Disks

Change User Password Change Supervisor Password

Change Language Setting

Change Language Setting

Auto Configuration with Optimal Settings
Auto Configuration with Fail Safe Settings
Save Settings and Exit
Exit Without Saving

Standard CMOS setup for changing time, date, hard disk type, etc. ESC:Exit ↑ ↓: Sel F2/F3: Color F10: Save & Exit

Note: a brief description of each highlighted selection appears at the bottom of the screen.

Setup Items:

The main menu includes the following main setup categories. Please note that some systems may not include all entries.

Standard CMOS Setup

This setup includes all the items in a standard AT-compatible BIOS.

Advanced CMOS Setup

This setup includes all the items of AMI special enhanced features.

Advanced Chipset Setup

Change Boot from (Floppy, IDE – 0..., ARMD-FDD, CDROM, SCSI, NETWORK), Floppy Drive Swap, etc..., Password Check, or just to Setup.

Power Management Setup

This setup only appears if your system supports Power Management, "Green PC", standard.

Peripheral Setup

Enabled IDE, FDC, Serial Port, Parallel Port or Disabled IDE, FDC, Serial Port, Parallel Port etc, ...

Auto-Detect Hard Disks

Automatically detect and configure hard disk parameters. The AMI BIOS include this ability in the event you are uncertain of your hard disks' parameters. See also Section "Standard CMOS Setup".

Change User Password

This function is close. Don't support end-user.

Change Supervisor Password

If you set this password, next time you must key in this password to get permission to go into CMOS Settings.

Change Language Setting

This function of AMI is close. Don't support end-user.

Save Settings and Exit

Save CMOS value changes to CMOS and exit setup

Exit Without Saving

Abandon all CMOS value changes and exit setup.

5-4 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

The items in Standard CMOS Setup Menu are divided into 10 categories. Each category includes none, one or more than one setup item. Use the arrow keys to highlight the item and then use the <PgUp> or <PgDn> keys to select the value you want in each item.

AMIBIOS SETUP - STANDARD CMOS SETUP

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Date (mm/dd/yyyy):Wed Dec 15, 1999

640KB

Time (hh/mm/ss): 10:56:28

0 MB

Floppy Drive A: 1.44 MB 3½ Floppy Drive B: Not Installed

LBA Blk PIO 32Bit

Type Size Cyln Head Wpcom Sec Mode Mode Mode Mode

Pri Master : Auto Off Pri Slave : Auto Off

Boot Sector Virus Protection Disabled

Month: Jan-Dec ESC:Exit ↑ ↓ :Sel Day : 01 - 31 PgUp/PgDn: Modify

Year : 1901- 2099 F2/F3:Color

Date

The date format is <day>, <date> <month> <year>. Press<F3> to show the calendar.

Day	The day, from Sun to Sat, determined by the BIOS & is display- only
Date	The date, from 1 to 31 (or the maximum allowed in the month)
Month	The month, Jan through Dec.
Year	The year, from 1900 through 2099

Time

The time format is <hour> <minute> <second>. The time is calculated based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00.

Daylight saving

The category adds one hour to the clock when daylight-saving time begins. It also subtracts one hour when standard time returns.

Enabled	Enable daylight saving
Disabled	Disable daylight saving

Primary Master / Slave

The categories identify the types of 1 channels that have been installed in the computer. There are 45 predefined types and 4 user definable types are for Enhanced IDE BIOS. Type "1" to Type "45" are predefined. Type "user" is user-definable.

Press PgUp or PgDn to select a numbered hard disk type or type the number and press <Enter>. Note that the specifications of your drive must match with the drive table. The hard disk will not work properly if you enter improper information for this category.

If your hard disk drive type is not matched or not in list, you can use Type "User" to define your own drive type manually.

If you select Type "User", you will need to know the information listed below. Enter the information directly from the keyboard and press <Enter>. This information should be included in the documentation from your hard disk vendor or the system manufacturer.

If the controller of HDD interface is ESDI, the selection should be "Type 1". If the controller of HDD interface is SCSI, the selection should be "None". If you select Type "Auto", BIOS will automatically detect the HDD & CD-ROM Drive at the POST stage and showing the IDE for HDD & CD-ROM Drive.

TYPE	Drive type
CYLS.	Number of cylinders
HEADS	Number of heads
WPCOM	Write precom
SECTORS	Number of sectors
MODE	Mode type

If a hard disk has not been installed select NONE and press <Enter>.

Drive A Type / Drive B Type

The category identifies the types of Floppy Disk Drive A or Drive B that have been installed in the computer.

None		No floppy drive installed.
360K,	5.25 in	5¼" PC-type standard drive; 360K byte capacity.
1.2M,	5.25 in	5¼" AT-type high-density drive; 1. 2M byte capacity.
720K,	3.5 in	3½" double-sided drive; 720K byte capacity.
1.44M,	3.5 in	3½" double-sided drive; 1. 44M byte capacity.
2.88M,	3.5 in	3½" double-sided drive; 2.88M byte capacity.

Virus Protection

When this item is enabled, the AMI BIOS will monitor the boot sector and partition table of the hard disk drive for any attempt on modification. If an attempt is made, the BIOS will halt the system and the following error message will appear. If necessary, you will be able to run an anti-virus program to locate and remove the problem before any damage is done.

Enabled	Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when anything attempts to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
Disabled	No warning message will appear when anything attempts to Access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs which attempt to access the boot sector table can cause the above warning message. If you will be running such a program, we recommend that it better for you to disable the Virus Protection beforehand.

Memory

The category is display-only item determined by POST.

5-5 ADVANCED CMOS SETUP

This section allows you to configure your system for advanced operation. You can select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, shadowing, keyboard operation and security.

AMIBIOS SETUP – ADVANCED CMOS SETUP © 1996 American Megatrends, INC . All Right Reserved					
1st Boot Device	Floppy	Available Options			
2nd Boot Device	IDE-0	Disabled			
3rd Boot Device	SCSI	IDE-0			
4th Boot Device	Disabled	IDE-1			
Boot From Card BIOS	YES	IDE-2			
Try Other Boot Devices	NO	IDE-3			
S.M.A.R.T. for Hard Disk	Disabled	Floppy			
IDE Drive BootUp Order	IDE0	ARMD-FDD			
Quick Boot	Disabled	ARMD-HDD			
BootUp Num-Lock	On	CDROM			
Floppy Drive Swap	Disabled	SCSI			
Floppy Drive Seek	Disabled	NETWORK			
Floppy Access Control	Normal				
HDD Access Control	Normal				
PS/2 Mouse Support	Enabled				
Typematic Rate	Fast				
System Keyboard	Absent				
Primary Display	Absent	ESC:Exit ↑ ↓:Sel			
Password Check	Setup	PgUp/PgDn :Modify			
Boot To OS/2	Yes	F2/F3 : Color			

1st (2nd, 3rd, 4th) Boot Device

AMI BIOS supports four Boot Devices. You can select your Device from where starting Boot (Floppy, IDE, CDROM, SCSI, ARMD-FDD, ARMD-HDD, NETWORK). You can select anyone to be a Boot Device.

Boot From Card BIOS

YES	Enabled Boot From Card BIOS
NO	Disabled Boot From Card BIOS

Try Other Boot Devices

If Yes, BIOS will try to boot from other Boot Devices if all Selected Boot Devices failed to boot. If NO, BIOS will try to Boot from only the Selected Boot Devices.

YES	Enabled Another Boot Device
NO	Disabled Another Boot Device

IDE Drive BootUp Order

This allows you can select IDE0, IDE1, IDE2, or IDE3.

BootUp Num-Lock

This allows you to determine the default status of the numeric keypad. By default, the system boots up with NumLock on.

ON	Keypad is number keys
OFF	Keypad is arrow keys

Floppy Drive Swap

This item allows you to determine whether enable the swap floppy drive or not. The choice: Enabled/Disabled.

Floppy Drive Seek

During POST, BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2M and 1.44M are 80 tracks.

Enabled	BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks. Note that BIOS can not tell from 720K, 1.2M or 1.44M drive type as they are all 80 tracks.
Disabled	BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number. Note that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360K.

Floppy Access Control

This option will be effective only if Floppy Drive is accessed through BIOS INT 40H function.

HDD Access Control

This Option will decide HDD is Read Only or Read/Write.

PS/2 Mouse Support

This item will set PS/2 Mouse as Enabled or Disabled.

Ttpematic Rate

This item determines if the typematic rate is to be used. When Slow, continually holding down a key on your keyboard will generate only one instance. In other words, the BIOS will only report that the key is down. When the typematic rate is Fast, the BIOS will report as before, but it will then wait a moment, and, if the key is still down, it will begin to report that the key has been depressed repeatedly. For example, you would use such a feature to accelerate cursor movements with the arrow keys.

System Keyboard

This item can set System Keyboard as Absent or Present.

Primary Display

The category selects the type of video adapter used for the primary system monitor. Although secondary monitors are supported, you do not have to select the type in Setup.

EGA/VGA	Enhanced Graphics Adapter/Video Graphics Array. For EGA, VGA, SEGA, SVGA or PGA monitor adapters.
CGA 40	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 40 column mode.
CGA 80	Color Graphics Adapter, power up in 80 column mode.
MONO	Monochrome adapter, include high-resolution mono adapters.

Password Check

This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup.

Always	The Always won't boot, and access to Always will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
Setup	The system will boot, but access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.

Note: To disable security, select Password Check at Main Menu and then you will be asked to enter password. Do not type anything and just press

<Enter>, it will disable security. Once the security is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

When the typematic rate is enabled, this selection allows you to select the rate at which the keys are accelerated.

6	6 characters per second	
8	8 characters per second	
10	10 characters per second	
12	12 characters per second	
15	15 characters per second	
20	20 characters per second	
24	24 characters per second	
30	30 characters per second	

• System BIOS Cacheable

This item can set BIOS Cacheable to be Enabled or Disabled.

C000 - C800, 32K Shadow / D000 - D800, 32K Shadow / E000 - E800, 32K Shadow

These categories determine whether option ROMs will be copied to RAM. An example of such option ROM would be support of on-board SCSI.

Enabled	Optional shadow is enabled
Disabled	Optional shadow is disabled

5-6 ADVANCED CHIPSET SETUP

This section allows you to configure your system for advanced operation. You can select the system's default speed, boot-up sequence, shadowing, keyboard operation and security.

AMIBIOS SETUP – ADVANCED CMOS SETUP © 1996 American Megatrends, INC. All Right Reserved				
AT Bus Clock	14.318/2	Available Options		
Slow Refresh	120 us	14.318/2		
Memory Hole At 15-16M	Disabled	PCLK2/3		
RAS Precharge time	1.5T	PCLK2/4		
RAS Active Time Insert Wait	Disable	PCLK2/5		
CAS Precharge Time Insert Wait	Disable	PCLK2/6		
Memory Write Insert Wait	Disable	PCLK2/8		
Memory Miss Read Insert Wait	Disable	PCLK2/10		
ISA Write cycle end Insert Wait	Enabled	PCLK2/12		
I/O Recovery	Enabled			
I/O Recovery Period	0.75 us			
On – Chip I/O Recovery	Disable			
16Bit ISA Insert Wait	Enabled			
WatchDog Timer	Disabled			
WatchDog Timeout Select	1 Sec.			
WatchDog Signal Select	System			
Once Timeout,Then Disable Watchd				
		ESC:Exit ↑ ↓ :Sel		
		PgUp/PgDn :Modify		
		F2/F3 : Color		

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the chipset. The chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as DRAM and the external cache. It also coordinates the function of WDT timer. Please note that these items shouldn't need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system.

The only time you might consider making any changes on this Setup would be the time when you find that data was being lost while using your system.

AT BUS Clock

ISA Bus Clock timing selection. When Auto Configuration is Disabled, then 14.318/2, PCLK2/3, PCLK2/4, PCLK2/5, PCLK2/6, PCLK2/8, PCLK2/10, PCLK2/12 is available on ISA Bus.

Slow Refresh

The chipset refresh settings deal with the timing of CPU access to dynamic random access memory (DRAM). The default timing have been carefully chosen and should only be altered if data is being lost. Such a scenario might occur if your system had mixed speed DRAM chips installed so that treater delays may be required to preserve the integrity of the data held in the slower memory chips. Available values: 120us, 60us, 15us.

RAS Precharge time

DRAM must continually be refreshed otherwise it will lose its data. Normally, DRAM is refreshed entirely as the result of a single request. This option allows you to determine the number of CPU clocks allocated for the Row Address Strobe to accumulate its charge before the DRAM is refreshed. If insufficient time is allowed, refresh may be incomplete and data will lose. Available values: 3.5T, 2.5T, 1.5T.

RAS Active Time Insert Wait

When it is Enabled, system will insert wait state for lower speed DRAM.

- CAS Precharge Time Insert Wait
- Memory Writer Insert Wait
- Memory Miss Read Insert Wait

Above three items show above is always Disabled by Manufactory's default

I/O Recovery

This item allows you to determine the recovery time allowed for 8 bit I/O. Choices are 0u, 0.25u to 3.05 CPU clocks. Default is 1 clock.

I/O Recovery Period

The recovery time is the length of time, measured in CPU clocks, which the system will delay after the completion of an input/output request. This delay takes place because the CPU is operating so much faster than the input/output bus that the CPU must be delay to allow of the completion of the I/O.

WatchDog Timer

WatchDog can use BIOS Setup.

Disabled	WatchDog can used.
Enabled	WatchDog function Enabled.

WatchDog Timeout Select Set Timer 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512 sec

- WatchDog Signal Select
 Set IRQ3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, NMI, System.
- Once Timeout, Then Disable WatchDo Set Yes or No.

5-7 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

The Power Management Setup allows you to configure your system to most effectively save energy while operating in a manner consistent with your own style of computer usage.

AMIBIOS SETUP – ADVANCED CMOS SETUP © 1996 American Megatrends, INC. All Right Reserved					
Power Management Mode	Disabled	Available Options			
Doze Mode Timeout	Disabled	Disabled			
Standby Mode Timeout	Disabled	SMI			
Suspend Mode Timeout	Disabled				
Power Down HDD In	Disabled				
Power Down VGA In	Disabled				
VGA Power Down Mode	Normal				
Monitor FDD	Disabled				
Monitor COM	Disabled				
Monitor LPT	Disabled				
Monitor IRQ	Enabled				
Monitor HDD	Enabled				
Monitor VGA	Disabled				
Monitor KBD	Enabled				
Resume on LPT1: LPT2: Access	Disabled				
Resume on Fixed Disk Access	Disabled				
Resume on VGA Access	Disabled				
Resume on IRQ 00 (Timer Click)	Disabled	ESC:Exit ↑ ↓ :Sel			
Resume on IRQ 01 (Keyboard)	Disabled	PgUp/PgDn :Modify			
Resume on IRQ 02 (Second 0259A)	Disabled	F2/F3 : Color			

Power Management

This item allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving and it is directly related to the following modes:

- 1.Disabled: If select Disabled, you can't select any function in following modes.
- 2.Suspend Mode Interface (SMI): If choose SMI, you can select any function in following modes.

Doze Mode Timeout

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the CPU clock will run at slower speed while all other devices still operate at full speed.

Standby Mode Timeout

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the fixed disk drive and the video would be shut off while all other devices still operate at full speed.

Suspend Mode Timeout

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, all devices except the CPU will be shut off.

Power Down HDD In

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the hard disk drive will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

Power Down VGA In

When enabled and after the set time of system inactivity, the VGA Device will be powered down while all other devices remain active.

IRQ 03 Event to IRQ 15 Event

Power Down and Resume events are I/O events whose occurrence can prevent the system from entering a power saving mode or can awaken the system from such a mode. In fact, the system remains alert for anything occurs to a device which is configured as ON, even when the system is in a Power Down mode. The following is a list of IRQ's, Interrupt Requests, which can be exempted as much as the above COM ports and LPT ports can. When an I/O device wants to gain the attention of the operating system, it activate this by causing an IRQ to occur. When the operating system respond to the request, it interrupts itself and performs the service. The choices are ON and OFF (Default). When set to ON, activity will neither prevent the system from going into a power management mode, nor awaken it.

5-8 PERIPHERAL SETUP

AMIBIOS SETUP - PERIPHERAL SETUP © 1996 American Megatrends, INC. All Right Reserved

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Hard disk Delay Onboard IDE Onboard FDD FDC Floppy Swap Onboard Serial Port1 Onboard Serial Port2 Onboard Parallel Port Parallel Port Mode EPP Version Parallel Port IRQ Parallel Port DMA Channel	Disabled Enabled Enabled Jisabled 3F8h 2F8h 378 Normal N/A 7 N/A	Available Options Disabled 3 Sec 5 Sec 10 Sec 15 Sec
		ESC:Exit ↑ ↓ :Sel PgUp/PgDn :Modify F2/F3 : Color

Hard Disk Delay

This item is PCI bus IDE interface only. The NC-380 supports only ISA IDE so you can select Hard disk Delay 3 Sec, 5 Sec, 10 Sec, 15 Sec.

Onboard IDE

This item allows you to select the base address and IRQ for HDD active mode. Disabled and Enabled are selectable.

MODE	BASE ADDRESS	IRQ SELECT	MASTER	SLAVE
Disabled	None	None	None	None
Enabled	3F0	IRQ15	Selectable	Selectable

This setup item allows you to either enable or disable the primary controller. You might choose to disable the controller if you are going to add a higher performance or specialized controller.

Onboard FDD

This item allows you to select your FDD Disabled or Enabled.

- Onboard Serial Port1
- Onboard Serial Port2

Above two items show above is always Disabled or then your Serial Port Enabled. They have four address to choose (3F8h, 2F8h, 3E8h, 2E8h).

Onboard Parallel Port

This item can choose Parallel Port address. There's have three address can be chosen (378, 278, 3BC).

5-9 CHANGE SUPERVISOR PASSWORD

You can set either supervisor or user password, or both of them. The difference between them are: 'supervisor password' can enter and change the options of the setup menus and 'user password' just can enter but do not have the right to change the options of the setup menus.

When you select this function, the following message will appear at the center of the screen to assist you in creating a password.

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters in length, and press <Enter>. The password typed now will clear any previously entered password from CMOS memory. You will be asked to confirm the password. Type the password again and press <Enter>. You may also press <Esc> to abort the selection and not enter a password.

To disable a password, just press <Enter> when you are prompted to enter the password. A message will confirm the password will be disabled. Once the password is disabled, the system will boot and you can enter Setup freely.

PASSWORD DISABLED.

When a password has been enabled, you will be prompted to enter it every time you try to enter Setup. This prevents an unauthorized person from changing any part of your system configuration.

Additionally, when a password is enabled, you can also require the BIOS to request a password every time your system is rebooted. This would prevent unauthorized use of your computer.

You determine when the password is required within the BIOS Features Setup Menu and its Security option. If the Security option is set to "System", the password will be required both at boot and at entry to Setup. If set to "Setup", prompting only occurs when trying to enter the Setup.

5-10 BIOS DEFAULT DRIVE TABLE

This is the current list of the drive type table contained in Setup.

Туре	Size (MB)	Cyln	Head	Sec	Wpcom	LBA	BLK	PIO	32BIT
1	10	306	4	17	128	Off	Off	Auto	Off
2	20	615	4	17	300	Off	Off	Auto	Off
3	30	615	6	17	300	Off	Off	Auto	Off
4	62	940	8	17	512	Off	Off	Auto	Off
5	46	940	6	17	512	Off	Off	Auto	Off
6	20	615	4	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
7	30	462	8	17	256	Off	Off	Auto	Off
8	30	733	5	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
9	112	900	15	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
10	20	820	3	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
11	35	855	5	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
12	49	855	7	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
13	20	306	8	17	128	Off	Off	Auto	Off
14	42	733	7	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
16	20	612	4	17	300	Off	Off	Auto	Off
17	40	977	5	17	300	Off	Off	Auto	Off
18	56	977	7	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
19	59	1024	7	17	512	Off	Off	Auto	Off
20	30	733	5	17	300	Off	Off	Auto	Off
21	42	733	7	17	300	Off	Off	Auto	Off
22	30	733	5	17		Off	Off	Auto	Off
23	10	306	4	17		Off	Off	Auto	Off
24	53	925	5	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
25	69	925	9	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
26	43	754	7	17	754	Off	Off	Auto	Off
27	68	754	11	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
28	40	699	7	17	256	Off	Off	Auto	Off
29	68	823	10	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
30	53	918	7	17	918	Off	Off	Auto	Off
31	93	1024	11	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
32	127	1024	15	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
33	42	1024	5	17	1024	Off	Off	Auto	Off
34	10	612	2	17	128	Off	Off	Auto	Off
35	76	1024	9	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off

36	68	1024	8	17	512	Off	Off	Auto	Off
37	40	615	8	17	128	Off	Off	Auto	Off
38	24	987	3	17	987	Off	Off	Auto	Off
39	57	987	7	17	987	Off	Off	Auto	Off
40	40	820	6	17	820	Off	Off	Auto	Off
41	40	977	5	17	977	Off	Off	Auto	Off
42	40	981	5	17	981	Off	Off	Auto	Off
43	48	830	7	17	512	Off	Off	Auto	Off
44	68	830	10	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
45	144	917	15	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
46	152	1224	15	17	65535	Off	Off	Auto	Off
ARMD								Auto	Off
CDROM								Auto	Off
AUTO								Auto	Off
USER								Auto	Off



EXPANSION BUS

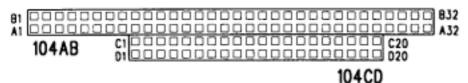
THIS APPENDIX SHOWS YOU THE PIN ASSIGNMENTS.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * PC/104 CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT
- * ISA BUS PIN ASSIGNMENT

A-1 PC/104 CONNECTOR PIN ASSIGNMENT (P1)

104AB, 104CD : PC/104 Connector



The PC/104 can support multi-pieces of PC/104 modules. This card has two connectors: one (104AB) consists of 64-pin dual-in-line header, the other one (104CD) consists of 40-pin dual-in-line header

The pin assignments for connector 104AB & 104CD are as follow:

104AB					104CD			
PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	PIN ASSIGNMENT		ASSIGNMENT	
A1	IOCHK	B1	GND	C 1	GND	D1	GND	
A2	SD7	B2	RESETDRV	C2	SBHE	D2	MEMCS16	
A3	SD6	В3	VCC	C 3	LA23	D3	IOCS16	
A4	SD5	B4	IRQ9	C4	LA22	D4	IRQ10	
A5	SD4	B5	-5V	C 5	LA21	D5	IRQ11	
A6	SD3	В6	DRQ2	C6	LA20	D6	IRQ12	
A7	SD2	B7	-12V	C7	LA19	D7	IRQ15	
A8	SD1	B8	0WS	C8	LA18	D8	IRQ14	
A9	SD0	В9	+12V	C9	LA17	D9	DACK0	
A10	IOCHRDY	B10	GND	C10	MEMR	D10	DRQ0	
A11	AEN	B11	SMEMW	C11	MEMW	D11	DACK5	
A12	SA19	B12	SMEMR	C12	SD8	D12	DRQ5	
A13	SA18	B13	IOW	C13	SD9	D13	DACK6	
A14	SA17	B14	IOR	C14	SD10	D14	DRQ6	
A15	SA16	B15	DACK3	C15	SD11	D15	DACK7	
A16	SA15	B16	DRQ3	C16	SD12	D16	DRQ7	
A17	SA14	B17	DACK1	C17	SD13	D17	VCC	
A18	SA13	B18	DRQ1	C18	SD14	D18	MASTER	
A19	SA12	B19	REFRESH	C19	SD15	D19	GND	
A20	SA11	B20	SYSCLK	C20	KEY PIN	D20	GND	
A21	SA10	B21	IRQ7					
A22	SA09	B22	IRQ6					
A23	SA08	B23	IRQ5					
A24	SA07	B24	IRQ4					
A25	SA06	B25	IRQ3					
A26	SA05	B26	DACK2					
A27	SA04	B27	TC					
A28	SA03	B28	BALE					
A29	SA02	B29	VCC					
A30	SA01	B30	OSC					
A31	SA0	B31	GND					
A32	GA0	B32	GND					

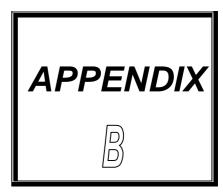
A-2 ISA BUS PIN ASSIGNMENT

The ISA BUS for this card is called "Golden Fingers". It is divided into two sets: one consists of 62 pins; the other consists of 36 pins.

C18	C1	A31	COMPONENT SIDE	A1
018	01	831		B1

The pin assignments are as follow:

	ISA BUSA	ISA BUSB			ISA BUSC		ISA BUSD		
PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT	PIN	ASSIGNMENT		
A1	IOCHCHK*	B1	GND	C1	SBHE	D1	MEMCS16*		
A2	SD7	B2	RESET	C2	LA23	D2	IOCS16*		
A3	SD6	В3	VCC	C3	LA22	D3	IRQ10		
A4	SD5	B4	IRQ9	C4	LA21	D4	IRQ11		
A5	SD4	B5	-5V	C5	LA20	D5	IRQ12		
A6	SD3	B6	DRQ2	C6	LA19	D6	IRQ15		
A7	SD2	B7	-12V	C7	LA18	D7	IRQ14		
A8	SD1	B8	0WS	C8	LA17	D8	DACK0		
A9	SD0	B9	+12V	C9	MEMR*	D9	DRQ0		
A10	IOCHRDY*	B10	GND	C10	MEMW*	D10	DACK5		
A11	AEN	B11	SMEMW*	C11	SD8	D11	DRQ5		
A12	SA19	B12	SMEMR*	C12	SD9	D12	DACK6		
A13	SA18	B13	IOW*	C13	SD10	D13	DRQ6		
A14	SA17	B14	IOR*	C14	SD11	D14	DACK7		
A15	SA16	B15	DACK3	C15	SD12	D15	DRQ7		
A16	SA15	B16	DRQ3	C16	SD13	D16	VCC		
A17	SA14	B17	DACK1	C17	SD14	D17	MASTER*		
A18	SA13	B18	DRQ1	C18	SD15	D18	GND		
A19	SA12	B19	REFRESH*						
A20	SA11	B20	SYSCLK						
A21	SA10	B21	IRQ7						
A22	SA09	B22	IRQ6						
A23	SA08	B23	IRQ5						
A24	SA07	B24	IRQ4						
A25	SA06	B25	IRQ3						
A26	SA05	B26	DACK2						
A27	SA04	B27	TC						
A28	SA03	B28	BALE						
A29	SA02	B29	VCC						
A30	SA01	B30	OSC						
A31	SA0	B31	GND						



TECHNICAL SUMMARY

THIS SECTION SHOWS YOU THE MAPS CONCISELY.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * INTERRUPT MAP
- * RTC & CMOS RAM MAP
- * TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP
- * I/O & MEMORY MAP

B-1 INTERRUPT MAP

IRQ	ASSIGNMENT
0	System TIMER interrupt from TIMER-0
1	Keyboard output buffer full
2	Cascade for IRQ 8-15
3	Serial port 2
4	Serial port 1
5	Parallel port 2
6	Floppy Disk adapter
7	Parallel port 1
8	RTC clock
9	Available
10	Available
11	Available
12	Available
13	Math coprocessor
14	Hard Disk adapter
15	Available

B-2 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

CODE	ASSIGNMENT
00	Seconds
01	Second alarm
02	Minutes
03	Minutes alarm
04	Hours
05	Hours alarm
06	Day of week
07	Day of month
80	Month
09	Year
0A	Status register A
0B	Status register B
0C	Status register C
0D	Status register D
0E	Diagnostic status byte
0F	Shutdown byte
10	Floppy Disk drive type byte
11	Reserve
12	Hard Disk type byte
13	Reserve
14	Equipment byte
15	Base memory low byte
16	Base memory high byte
17	Extension memory low byte
18	Extension memory high byte
30	Reserved for extension memory low byte
31	Reserved for extension memory high byte
32	Date Century byte
33	Information Flag
34-3F	Reserve
40-7F	Reserved for Chipset Setting Data

B-3 TIMER & DMA CHANNELS MAP

Timer Channel Map

Timer Channel	Assignment
0	System timer interrupt
1	DRAM Refresh request
2	Speaker tone generator

DMA Channel Map

DMA Channel	Assignment
0	Available
1	IBM SDLC
2	Floppy Disk adapter
3	Channel-3 Available
4	Cascade for DMA controller 1
5	Available
6	Available
7	Available

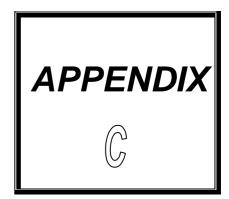
B-4 I/O & MEMORY MAP

Memory Map

MEMORY MAP	ASSIGNMENT
0000000-009FFFF	System memory used by DOS and application
00A0000-00BFFFF	Display buffer memory for VGA/EGA/CGA/MONO adapter
00C0000-00DFFFF	Reserved for I/O device BIOS ROM or RAM buffer.
00E0000-00EFFFF	Reserved for PCI device ROM
00F0000-00FFFF	System BIOS ROM
0100000-BFFFFF	System extension memory

I/O Map

I/O MAP	ASSIGNMENT
000-01F	DMA controller (Master)
020-021	Interrupt controller (Master)
022-023	Chipset controller registers I/O ports.
040-05F	Timer control registers.
060-06F	Keyboard interface controller (8042)
070-07F	RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports
080-09F	DMA register
0A0-0BF	Interrupt controller (Slave)
0C0-0DF	DMA controller (Slave)
0F0-0FF	Math coprocessor
1F0-1F8	Hard Disk controller
278-27F	Parallel port-2
2B0-2DF	Graphics adapter controller
2F8-2FF	Serial port-2
360-36F	Net work ports
378-37F	Parallel port-1
3B0-3BF	Monochrome & Printer adapter
3C0-3CF	EGA adapter
3D0-3DF	CGA adapter
3F0-3F7	Floppy disk controller
3F8-3FF	Serial port-1



TROUBLE SHOOTING

THIS SECTION SHOWS THE ERRORS MAY OCCUR WHEN YOU OPERATE THE SYSTEM, ALSO GIVES YOU THE SUGGESTIONS ON SOLVING THE PROBLEMS.

SECTIONS INCLUDE:

- * TROUBLE SHOOTING POST MESSAGE
- * TROUBLE SHOOTING POST BEEP
- * TROUBLE SHOOTING POST CODE

C-1 TROUBLE SHOOTING POST MESSAGES

During the Power On Self Test (POST), if the BIOS detects an error requiring you to do something to fix, it will either sound a beep code or display a message. If a message is displayed, it will be accompanied by:

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, CTRL-ALT-ESC OR DEL TO ENTER SETUP

C-2 TROUBLE SHOOTING POST BEEP

Currently there are two kinds of beep codes in BIOS.

The one code indicates that a video error has occurred and the BIOS cannot initialize the video screen to display any additional information. This beep code consists of a single long beep followed by three short beeps. The other code indicates that your DRAM error has occurred. This beep code consists of a single long beep repeatedly.

Error Messages

One or more error messages may be displayed if the BIOS detect an error during the POST. This list includes messages for both the ISA and the EISA BIOS.

CMOS Battery Has Failed

CMOS battery is no longer functional. It should be replaced.

CMOS Checksum Error

Checksum of CMOS is incorrect. This can indicate that CMOS has become corrupt. This error may have been caused from a weak battery. Check the battery and replace if necessary.

Disk Boot Failure, Insert System Disk And Press Enter

No boot device was found. This could mean that either a boot drive was not detected or the drive does not contain proper system boot files. Insert a system disk into Drive A: and press <Enter>. If you assumed the system would boot from the hard drive, make sure the controller is inserted correctly and all cables are properly attached. Also be sure that the disk is formatted as a boot device. Then reboot the system.

Diskette Drives Or Types Mismatch Error - Run Setup

Type of diskette drive installed in the system is different from the CMOS definition. Run Setup to reconfigure the drive type correctly.

Display Switch Is Set Incorrectly

Display switch on the motherboard can be set to either monochrome or color. This indicates the switch is set to a different setting than indicated in Setup. Determine which setting is correct, and then turn OFF the selection.

Display Type Has Changed Since Last Boot

Since last power off the system, the display adapter has been changed. You must configure the system for the new display type.

Error Encountered Initializing Hard Drive

Hard drive cannot be initialized. Be sure the adapter is installed correctly and all cables are correctly and firmly attached. Also be sure the correct hard drive type is selected in Setup.

Error Initializing Hard Disk Controller

Cannot initialize controller. Make sure the card is correctly and firmly installed in the bus. Be sure the correct hard drive type is selected in Setup. Also check if any jumper needs to be set correctly on the hard drive.

Floppy Disk Cntrlr Error or No Cntrlr Present

Cannot find or initialize the floppy drive controller. Make sure the controller is installed correctly and firmly. If there are no floppy drives installed, be sure the Diskette Drive selection in Setup is set to NONE.

Invalid EISA Configuration

PLEASE RUN EISA CONFIGURATION UTILITY. The non-volatile memory containing EISA configuration information was programmed incorrectly or has become corrupt. Re-run EISA configuration utility to correctly program the memory.

NOTE: When this error appears, the system will boot in ISA mode, which allows you to run the EISA Configuration Utility.

Keyboard Error Or No Keyboard Present

Cannot initialize the keyboard. Make sure the keyboard is attached correctly and no keys are being pressed during the boot. If you are purposely configuring the system without a keyboard, set the error halt condition in Setup to HALT ON ALL, BUT KEYBOARD. This will cause the BIOS to ignore the missing keyboard and continue the boot.

Memory Address Error At ...

Indicates a memory address error at a specific location. You can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

Memory Parity Error At ...

Indicates a memory parity error at a specific location. You can use this location along with the memory map for your system to find and replace the bad memory chips.

Memory Size Has Changed Since Last Boot

Memory has been added or removed since the last boot. In EISA mode, use Configuration Utility to reconfigure the memory configuration. In ISA mode, enter Setup and enter the new memory size in the memory fields.

Memory Verify Error At ...

Indicates an error verifying a value already written to memory. Use the location along with your system's memory map to locate the bad chip.

Offending Address Not Found

This message is used in conjunction with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment has caused the problem which cannot be isolated.

Offending Segment :

This message is used in conjunction with the I/O CHANNEL CHECK and RAM PARITY ERROR messages when the segment has caused the problem which has been isolated.

Press A Key To Reboot

This will be displayed at the bottom screen when an error occurs that requires you to reboot. Press any key and the system will reboot.

Press F1 To Disable NMI, F2 To Reboot

When BIOS detects a non-markable Interrupt condition during boot, this will allow you to disable the NMI and continue to boot, or you can reboot the system with the NMI enabled.

RAM Parity Error Checking For Segment ...

Indicates a parity error in Random Access Memory.

System Halted , (Ctrl-Alt-Del) To Reboot ...

Indicates the present boot attempt has been aborted and the system must be rebooted. Press and hold down the CTRL and ALT keys and press DEL.

C-3 TROUBLE SHOOTING FOR POST CODES

NOTE: EISA POST codes are typically output to port address 300h. ISA POST codes are output to port address 80h.

POST Code	AMI WinBIOS uncompress code checkpoint Description
(hex)	·
C2	NMI is Disable. Power on delay starting.
C5	Power on delay complete.
	Going to disable Cache if any.
C6	Calculating ROM BIOS checksum.
C7	ROM BIOS checksum passed. CMOS shutdown register
	test to be done next.
C8	CMOS shutdown register test done.
	CMOS checksum calculation to be done next.
CA	CMOS checksum calculation done, CMOS Diag byte written
	CMOS status register about to init for Date and Time.
СВ	CMOS status register init done.
	Any initialization before keyboard BAT to be done next.
CD	BAT command to keyboard controller is to be issued.
CE	Keyboard controller BAT result verified.
	Any initialization after KB controller. BAT to be done next.
CF	Initialization after KB controller BAT done.
	Keyboard command byte to be written next.
D1	Keyboard controller command byte is written.
	Going to check pressing of <ins> key during power-on</ins>
	Done.
D2	Checking for pressing of <ins> key during power-on done.</ins>
	Going to disable DMA and interrupt controller.
D3	DMA controller #1, #2, interrupt controller #1, #2 disable.
	Chipset init/ auto memory detection about to begin.
D4	Chipset initialization/ auto memory detection over.
	To uncompress the RUNTIME code.
D5	RUNTIME code is uncompressed.
D0	Transfer control to uncompressed code in shadow ram at
	F000: FFF0.

Runtime code is uncompressed in F000 shadow ram

POST Code	AMI HiFLEX BIOS/WinBIOS runtime code Description.
(hex)	•
01	Processor register test about to start and NMI to be
	Disabled.
02	NMI is Disabled.
	Power–on delay starting.
03	Power on delay complete. To check soft reset /power-on.
05	Soft reset / power-on determined.
	Going to disable Cache if any.
06	POST code to be uncompressed.
07	POST code is uncompressed. CPU init and CPU area
	init to be done next.
08	CPU and CPU date area init done.
	CMOS checksum calculation to be done next.
09	CMOS checksum calculation is done, CMOS Diag byte
	written. CMOS init to begin (if "init CMOS in every boot"
	is set).
0A	CMOS initialization done (if any).
	CMOS status register about to init for Date and Time.
0B	CMOS status register init done.
	Any initialization before keyboard BAT to be done next.
0C	KB controller I/B free. Going to issue the BAT command
	to keyboard controller.
0E	Keyboard controller BAT result verified.
	Any initialization after KB controller BAT to be done next.
0F	Initialization after KB controller BAT done.
	Keyboard command byte to be written next.
10	Keyboard controller command byte is written.
	Going to issue Pin 23, 24 blacking / unblocking command.
11	Pin 23, 24 of keyboard controller is blocked / unblocked.
	Going to check pressing of <ins> key during power-on.</ins>
12	Checking for pressing of <ins> key during power-on done.</ins>
	Going to disable DMA and interrupt controllers.
13	DMA controller #1, #2, interrupt controller #1, #2 disabled.
	Video display is disabled and port-B is initialized.
4-	Chipset init about to begin.
15	Chipset initialization over. 8254 timer test about to start.
19	8254 timer test over.
	About to start memory refresh test.

4.4	
1A	Memory Refresh line is toggling.
	Going to check 15 micro second ON/OFF time.
20	Memory Refresh period 30 micro second test complete.
	Base 64K memory to be initialized.
23	Base 64K memory initialized. Going to set BIOS stack
	and to do any setup before interrupt vector init.
24	Setup required before interrupt vector initialization
	Complete. Interrupt vector initialized about to begin.
25	Interrupt vector initialization done. Going to read input port
	of 8042 for turbo switch (if any) and to clear password if
	post diagnostic switch is on.
26	Input port of 8042 is read.
	Going to initialize global data for turbo switch.
27	Global data initialization for turbo switch is over.
	Any initialization before setting video mode to be done next
28	Initialization before setting video mode is complete.
	Going for monochrome mode and color mode setting.
2A	Different BUSes init (system, static, output devices) to
	Start if present. (Please see next section for details of
	different BUSes).
2B	About to give control for any setup required before optional
	video ROM check.
2C	Processing before video ROM control is done.
	About to look for optional video ROM and give control.
2D	Optional video ROM control is done. About to give control
	to do any processing after video ROM returns control.
2E	Return from processing after the video ROM control.
	If EGA/VGA not found then do display memory R/W test.
2F	EGA/VGA not found.
	Display memory R/W test about to begin.
30	Display memory R/W test passed.
	About to look for the retrace checking.
31	Display memory R/W test or retrace checking failed.
	About do alternate Display memory R/W test.
32	Alternate Display memory R/W test passed.
	About to look for the alternate display retrace checking.
34	Video display checking over. Display mode to be set next.
37	Display mode set.
	Going to display the power ON message.
38	Different BUSes init (input, IPL, general devices) to start
	If present. (Please see next section for details about
	Different BUSes).

39	Display different BUSes initialization error messages. (Please see Appendix for details of different BUSes).
3A	New cursor position read and saved. Going to display the
	Hit message.
3B	Hit message displayed. Virtual mode memory test
	about to start .
40	Going to prepare the descriptor tables.
42	Descriptor tables prepared. Going to enter in virtual mode
	for memory test.
43	Entered in the virtual mode. Going to enable interrupts for
	diagnostics mode.
44	Interrupt enabled (if diagnostics switch is on).
	Going to initialize data to check memory wrap around at
	0: 0.
45	Data initialized. Going to check for memory wrap around
10	at 0:0 and finding the total system memory size .
46	Memory wrap around test done. Memory size calculation
47	Over. About to go for writing patterns to test memory.
47	Pattern to be tested written in extended memory.
40	Going to write patterns in base 640K memory.
48	Patterns written in base memory.
49	Going to find out amount of memory below 1M memory.
49	Amount of memory below 1M found and verified. Going to find out amount of memory above 1M memory.
4B	Amount of memory above 1M found and verified. Check for
45	Soft reset and going to clear memory below 1M for soft
	Reset. (If power on, go to check point #4Eh).
4C	Memory below 1M cleared. (SOFT RESET) Going to clear
	Memory above 1M.
4D	Memory above 1M cleared. (SOFT RESET)
	Going to save the memory size. (Go to check point #52h).
4E	Memory test started. (NOT SOFT RESET) About to display
	The first 64k memory size.
4F	Memory size display started. This will be update during
	Memory test. Going for sequential and random memory
	Test.
50	Memory testing/initialization below 1M complete.
	Going to adjust displayed memory size for relocation/
	Shadow.
51	Memory size display adjusted due to relocation/shadow.
	Memory test above 1M to follow.
52	Memory testing/initialization above 1M complete.
	Going to save memory size information.

53	Memory size information is saved. CPU register are saved Going to enter in real mode.
54	Shutdown successful, CPU in real mode.
34	Going to disable gate A20 line and disable parity/NMI.
57	A20 address line, parity / NMI disable successful.
37	Going to adjust memory size depending on relocation /
	Shadow.
58	Memory size adjusted for relocation / shadow.
30	Going to clear Hit message.
59	Hit message cleared. <wait> message displayed</wait>
	about to start DMA and interrupt controller test.
60	DMA page register test passed. To do DMA#1 base Register
	Test.
62	DMA#1 base register test passed. To do DMA#2 base
	Register test.
65	DMA#2 base register test passed. To program DMA unit
	1 and 2.
66	DMA unit 1 and 2 programming over. To initialize 8259
	Interrupt controller.
67	8259 initialization over.
7F	Extended NMI sources enabling is in progress.
80	Keyboard test started. clearing output buffer, checking
	For stuck key, About to issue keyboard reset command.
81	Keyboard reset error / stuck key found.
	About to issue keyboard controller interface test command.
82	Keyboard controller interface test over.
	About write command byte and init circular buffer.
83	Command byte written, Global data init done.
	About to check for lock-key.
84	Lock-key checking over. About to check for memory size
	Mismatch with CMOS.
85	Memory size check done. About to display soft error and
	Check for password or bypass setup.
86	Password checked. About to do programming before
	Setup.
87	Programming before setup complete.
	Going to uncompress SETUP code and execute CMOS setup
88	Returned from CMOS setup program and screen is cleared.
	About to do programming after setup.
89	Programming after setup complete.
	Going to display power on screen message.

8B	First screen message display. <wait> message</wait>
	Displayed. About to do Video BIOS shadow.
8C	Video BIOS shadow successful. Setup options
	Programming after CMOS setup about to start.
8D	Setup option are programmed, mouse check and init to be
	Done next.
8E	Mouse check and initialization complete. Going for hard
	Disk controller reset.
8F	Hard disk controller reset done.
	Floppy setup to be done next.
91	Floppy setup complete. Hard disk setup to be done next.
94	Hard disk setup complete. To set base and extended
	Memory size.
95	Memory size adjusted due to mouse support. Init. of
	Different BUSes optional ROMs from C800to start.
	(Please see next section for details of different BUSes).
96	Going to do any init before C800 optional ROM control.
97	Any init before C800 optional ROM control is over.
	Optional ROM check and control will be done next.
98	Optional ROM control is done. About to give control to do
	Any required processing after optional ROM returns control
99	Any initialization required after optional ROM test over.
	Going to setup timer data area and printer base address.
9A	Return after setting timer and printer base address.
	Going to set the RS-232 base address.
9B	Returned after RS-232 base address.
	Going to do any initialization before Coprocessor test.
9C	Required initialization before Coprocessor is over.
	Going to initialize the Coprocessor next.
9D	Coprocessor initialized. Going to do any initialization after
	Coprocessor test.
9E	Initialization after Coprocessor test is complete.
	Going to check extd keyboard , keyboard ID and num-lock .
9F	Extd keyboard check is done, ID flag set, num-lock on/off
	Keyboard ID command to be issued.
A0	Keyboard ID command issues. Keyboard ID flag to be reset
A1	Keyboard ID flag reset. Cache memory test to follow.
A2	Cache memory test over. Going to display any soft error.
А3	Soft error display complete.
A 4	Going to set keyboard typematic rate.
A4	Keyboard typematic rate set. To program memory wait
	States.

A5	Memory wait states programming over. Going to clear the screen and enable parity / NMI.
A7	NMI and parity enabled. Going to do any initialization required before giving control To optional ROM at E000.
A8	Initialization before E000 ROM control over. E000 ROM to Get control next.
A9	Returned from E000 ROM control. Going to do any initialization required after E000 optional ROM control.
AA	Initialization after E000 optional ROM control is over. Going to display the system configuration.
В0	System configuration is displayed.
B1	Going to copy any code to specific area.
00	Copying of code to specific area done. Going to give control To INT-19 boot loader.

The system BIOS gives control to different BUSes at following checkpoints to do various tasks on the different BUSes.

POST CODE (HEX)	AMI HiFLEX BIOS /WinBIOS Checkpoints of the BUSes
2A	Different BUSes init (system, static, output devices) To start if present.
38	Different BUSes init (input, IPL, general devices) To start if present.
39	Display different BUSes initialization error messages.
95	Init of different BUSes optional ROMs from C800 to start.

While control is inside the different BUS routines, additional checkpoints are output to port 80h as WORD to identify the routines under execution. These are WORD checkpoints, the LOW BYTE of checkpoint is the system BIOS checkpoint from where the control is passed to the different BUS routines and the HIGH BYTE of checkpoint is the indication of which routine is being executed in the different BUSes. The details of HIGH BYTE of these checkpoints are as follows:

HIGH BYTE XY

The upper nibble 'X' indicates the function # is being executed. 'X' can be from 0 to 7.

- 0 = func#0, disable all device on the BUS concerned.
- 1 = func#1, static devices init on the BUS concerned.
- 2 = func#2, output device init on the BUS concerned.
- 3 = func#3, input device init on the BUS concerned.
- 4 = func#4, IPL device init on the BUS concerned.
- 5 = func#5, general device init on the BUS concerned.
- 6 = func#6, error reporting for the BUS concerned.
- 7 = func#7, add-on ROM init for all BUSes.

The lower nibble 'Y' indicates the BUS on which the different routines are being executed. 'Y' can be from 0 to 5.

- **0** = Generic DIM (Device Initialization Manager)
- 1 = On-board System devices.
- 2 = ISA devices.
- 3 = EISA devices.
- 4 = ISA PnP devices.
- 5 = PCI devices.